## MINI-PS- 12- 24DC/ 5-15DC/2

## Power supply unit

## **INTERFACE**

Data sheet 104346 en 01

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## 1 Description

The DC/DC converter converts the DC voltage of 12 V DC ... 24 V DC to an adjustable, controlled and electrically isolated 5 V DC ... 15 V DC output voltage.

Due to electrical isolation, the DC voltage circuits are electrically isolated from each other in a safe way. The active "DC-OK" switching output as well as an LED are available for signaling. With a design width of only 22.5 mm, the housing is extremely slim.

#### **Features**

- Reliable power supply unit even at high ambient temperatures
- Reliable starting of heavy loads using the U/I characteristic curve
- Can be used worldwide in all industrial sectors due to a wide-range input and an international approval package
- High operating safety due to long mains buffering under full load and high MTBF (> 500,000 h)



## **DANGER OF EXPLOSION!**

Only remove equipment when it is disconnected and not in the potentially explosive area.



### **DANGER**

Components with dangerously high voltage and high stored energy are located in the device! Never carry out work on live parts!

Depending on the ambient temperature and the load, the housing can become very hot!



Make sure you always use the latest documentation.

It can be downloaded from the product at www.phoenixcontact.net/catalog.



#### 2 **Table of contents**

1	Description	
2	Table of contents	2
3	Ordering data	3
4	Technical data	3
5	Structure	5
6	Block diagram	6
7	Safety notes	6
8	Installation	7
9	Mounting position	7
	Assembly	
	Removing	8
10	Input	8
	Protection of the primary side	8
11	Output	9
	Protection of the secondary side	g
12	Signaling	g
	Active signal output	10
13	Function	10
	Thermal behavior	10
	Parallel operation	
	Redundant operation	
	Increased performance	11

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## 3 Ordering data

Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs. / Pkt.
DC/DC converter, primary-switched, slim design, input: 12 - 24 V DC, output: 5 - 15 V DC/2 A	MINI-PS- 12- 24DC/ 5-15DC/2	2320018	1

## 4 Technical data

Input data	
Nominal input voltage range	12 V DC 24 V DC
DC input voltage range	10 V DC 32 V DC (> 10.5 V DC start)
DC frequency range	0 Hz
Current consumption	Approx. 2.3 A (12 V DC) Approx. 1.1 A (24 V DC)
Inrush current limitation	< 10 A (typical)
$I^2t$	0.2 A <sup>2</sup> s
Power failure bypass	> 4 ms (12 V DC) > 18 ms (24 V DC)
Typical response time	< 0.5 s
Input fuse, integrated	6.3 A (slow-blow, internal)
Output data	
Nominal output voltage	12 V DC ±1%
Setting range of the output voltage	5 V DC 15 V DC
Output current	2 A (-25 °C 60 °C)
Efficiency	> 88 % (at 24 V DC and nominal values)
Residual ripple	< 20 mV <sub>PP</sub> (20 MHz)
Peak switching voltages	< 10 mV <sub>PP</sub> (20 MHz)
Connection in parallel	Yes, for assembling redundant systems and increasing efficiency
Connection in series	Yes
Protection against internal surge voltages	Yes, < 25 V DC
Resistance to reverse feed	30 V DC
Power consumption	
Maximum power dissipation idling	<1 W
Power loss nominal load max.	< 4.2 W
DC OK active	
Output description	$U_{OLIT} > 0.9 \times U_{N}$ : High signal
Status display	"DC OK" LED green / U <sub>OUT</sub> > 0.9 x U <sub>N</sub> : LED ON
General data	
Insulation voltage input/output	1 kV (routine test) 1.5 kV (type test)
Degree of protection	IP20
Protection class	III
MTBF (IEC 61709)	500000 h
Type of housing	Polyamide PA, color: green
Housing material	Polyamide (PA)
Dimensions W / H / D (state of delivery)	22.5 mm / 99 mm / 107 mm
Weight	0.2 kg

Ambient conditions			
Ambient temperature (operation)	-25 °C 70 °C (> +60°C derating)		
Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	-40 °C 85 °C		
Max. permissible relative humidity (operation)	≤ 95 % (At +25°C, no condensation)		
Vibration (operation)	< 15 Hz, amplitude ±2.5 mm in acc. with IEC 60068-2-6 15 Hz150 Hz, 2.3 g		
Shock	30g in all directions in acc. with IEC 60068-2-27		
Pollution degree in acc. with EN 50178	2		
Climatic class	3K3 (in acc. with EN 60721)		

## **Approvals**

UL approvals

UL/C-UL listed UL 508

UL/C-UL Recognized UL 60950



Current approvals can be found for the product in the download area.

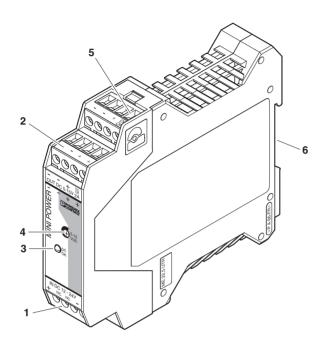
# Conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC Noise immunity according to EN 61000-6-2

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	
	Housing	> Level 3
	Contact discharge	8 kV (Contact discharge)
	Discharge in air	8 kV (Air discharge)
	Comments	Criterion B
Electromagnetic HF field	EN 61000-4-3	
	Housing	Level 3
	Frequency range	80 MHz 3 GHz
	Comments	Criterion A
Fast transients (burst)	EN 61000-4-4	
	Input	4 kV (level 4 - asymmetrical: conductor to ground)
	Output	2 kV (level 3 - asymmetrical: conductor to ground)
	Signal	1 kV (Level 2 - asymmetrical cable to ground)
	Comments	Criterion B
Surge current loads (surge)	EN 61000-4-5	
	Input	2 kV (Level 3) 1 kV (Level 3)
Conducted interference	EN 61000-4-6	
	Input/output	Level 3
	Frequency range	0.15 MHz 80 MHz (10 V)
Voltage dips	EN 61000-4-11	
	Input	(> 10 ms)
	Comments	Criterion B

## Emitted interference in acc. with EN 61000-6-3

Radio interference voltage in acc. with EN 55011	EN 55011 (EN 55022) Class B, area of application: Industry and residential
Emitted radio interference in acc. with EN 55011	EN 55011 (EN 55022) Class B, area of application: Industry and residential

## 5 Structure

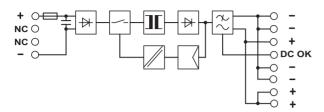


- 1 DC input
- 2 DC output
- 3 LED green: DC OK
- 4 Potentiometer: 5 V DC ... 15 V DC
- 5 Active switching output: DC OK
- 6 Universal snap-on foot for EN DIN rails

	ſmı	m <sup>2</sup> ]	AWG	[Nm]	
	•	stranded	AWG	Torque	
Input	0.2 - 2.5	0.2 - 2.5	24 - 14	0.5 - 0.6	
Output	0.2 - 2.5	0.2 - 2.5	24 - 14	0.5 - 0.6	
Signal	0.2 - 2.5	0.2 - 2.5	24 - 14	0.5 - 0.6	

Innut data			
Input data			
Nominal input voltage range	12 V DC 24 V DC		
DC input voltage range	10 V DC 32 V DC (> 10.5 V DC start)		
DC frequency range	0 Hz		
Input fuse, integrated	6.3 A (slow-blow, internal)		
Connection method	Pluggable screw connection		
Stripping length	7 mm		
Output data			
Nominal output voltage	12 V DC ±1%		
Setting range of the output voltage	5 V DC 15 V DC		
Output current	2 A (-25 °C 60 °C)		
Connection method	Pluggable screw connection		
Stripping length	7 mm		

## 6 Block diagram



## 7 Safety notes



#### DANGER OF EXPLOSION!

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#### **DANGER**

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#### **CAUTION:**

Before startup please ensure:

The mains connection has been carried out by a competent person and protection against electric shock is guaranteed!

The device can be disconnected outside the power supply unit in accordance with the regulations as in EN 60950 (e.g. through primary side line protection)!

All feed lines are sufficiently protected and dimensioned!

All output lines are dimensioned according to the maximum output current of the device or separately protected!

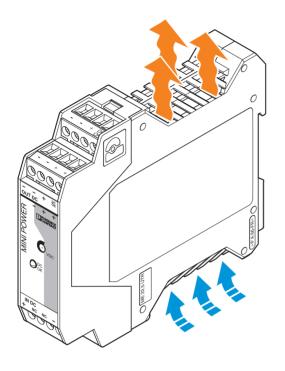
Sufficient convection must be guaranteed.



#### **ATTENTION: Danger if used improperly**

The power supply units are built-in devices. The device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel. The corresponding national regulations must be observed.

## 8 Installation





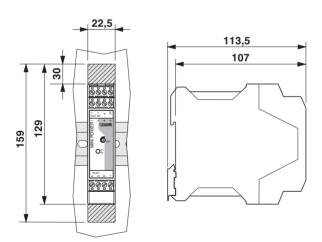
# ATTENTION: Module can become damaged

To ensure sufficient convection, we recommend the following minimum spacing be used between modules: 5 cm above and below

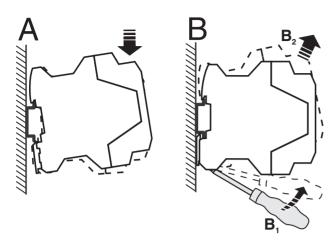


The power supply unit can be snapped onto all DIN rails in acc. with EN 60715.

## 9 Mounting position



Mounting position: Installation depth 107 mm (+ DIN rail)



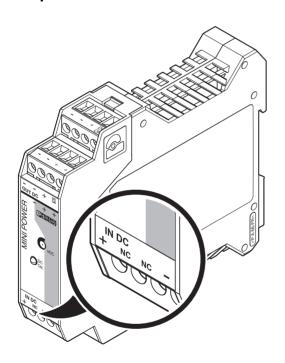
### **Assembly**

Position the module with the DIN rail guide on the upper edge of the DIN rail, and snap it in with a downward motion.

#### Removina

Pull the snap lever open with the aid of a screwdriver and slide the module out at the lower edge of the DIN rail.

## 10 Input





# ATTENTION: Module can become damaged

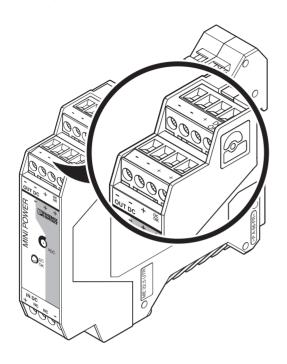
If an internal fuse is triggered, there is a device malfunction. In this case, the device must be inspected in the factory.

The 12 V DC  $\dots$  24 V DC connection is established using the "+" and "-" screw connections.

## Protection of the primary side

The device must be installed in acc. with the regulations as in EN 60950. An internal fuse is provided for device protection. Additional device protection is not required.

## 11 Output





# ATTENTION: Module can become damaged

Make sure that all output lines are dimensioned according to the maximum output current or are separately protected. The cables on the secondary side must have sufficiently large cross sections in order to keep the voltage drops on the lines as low as possible.

The connection is made via screw connection terminal blocks "+" and "-" of the DC output. The output voltage can be set on the potentiometer from 5 V DC ... 15 V DC.

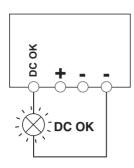
#### Protection of the secondary side

The device is electronically protected against short-circuit and idling. In the event of a malfunction, the output voltage is limited to 25 V DC. Make sure that all output lines are dimensioned according to the maximum output current or are separately protected. The cable cross sections in the secondary circuit should be large enough to keep the voltage drops on the cables as low as possible.

## 12 Signaling

For function monitoring, there is the active DC OK switching output and the DC OK LED.

	State 1	State 2
"DC OK" LED	ON	OFF
Active DC OK switching output	U <sub>OUT</sub> (with reference to "-")	U = 0 V (in reference to "-")
Meaning	Normal operation of the power supply unit. $U_{OUT} > 0.9 \text{ x UN}$	U <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 0.9 x UN Secondary load short-circuit or overload No mains voltage or device defective

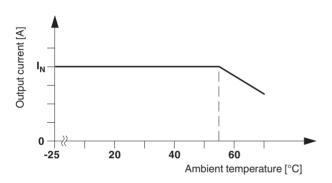


#### **Active signal output**

The DC output signal in normal operation of the power supply unit ( $U_{OUT} > 0.9 \times U_{N}$ ) is between the "DC OK" and "-" connection terminal blocks and can carry a maximum of 20mA. By switching from "active high" to "low", the DC OK signal output signalizes when the output voltage is fallen short of by more than 10%.

The DC OK signal is decoupled from the power output. It is thus not possible for devices connected in parallel to act as an external power supply.

## 13 Function

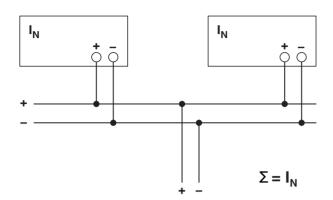


#### Thermal behavior

The device can supply a nominal output current of 2 A with ambient temperatures of up to 60°C. For ambient temperatures above 60°C, the output current must be reduced by 2.5% per Kelvin increase in temperature. From 70°C onwards or in the case of thermal overload, the device reduces the output capacity for its own protection, and returns to normal operation when it has cooled down.

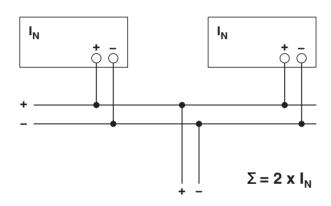
### **Parallel operation**

Devices of the same type can be connected in parallel to increase both redundancy and power. By default upon delivery, no further adjustments are required. If the output voltage is adjusted, a uniform distribution of power is guaranteed by setting all parallel operated power supply units to exactly the same output voltage. To ensure symmetrical current distribution we recommend that all cable connections from the power supply unit to the busbar are the same length and have the same cross section. Depending on the system, for parallel connection of more than two power supplies a protective circuit should be installed at each individual device output (e.g., decoupling diode, DC fuse or circuit breaker). This prevents high return currents in the event of a secondary device fault.



### **Redundant operation**

Redundant circuits are suitable for supplying systems, which place particularly high demands on operational safety. If a fault occurs in the primary circuit of the first power supply unit, the second device automatically takes over the complete power supply without interruption, and vice versa. For this purpose, the power supply units to be connected in parallel must be large enough that the total current requirements of all loads can be fully met by one power supply unit. External decoupling diodes are required for 100% redundancy (TRIO-DIODE/12-24DC/2X10/1X20, Order No. 2866514).



#### Increased performance

For n parallel connected devices, the output current can be increased to n x  $I_N$ . Parallel connection for increasing power is used when extending existing systems. A parallel connection is recommended if the power supply unit does not cover the current consumption of the most powerful load. Otherwise, the load should be divided between individual devices that are independent from one another.