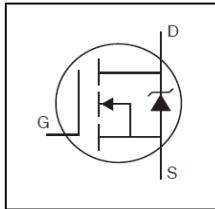
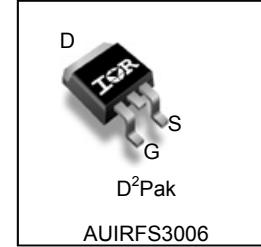


Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant
- Automotive Qualified *



V_{DSS}	60V
$R_{DS(on)}$ typ.	2.0mΩ
	2.5mΩ
I_D (Silicon Limited)	270A①
I_D (Package Limited)	195A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
AUIRFS3006	D²-Pak	Tube	50	AUIRFS3006
		Tape and Reel Left	800	AUIRFS3006TRL

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature (TA) is 25°C, unless

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	270①	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	191①	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Package Limited)	195	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ②	1080	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	375	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.5	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Thermally Limited) ③	320	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ②	See Fig.14,15, 22a, 22b	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ②		mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery ④	10	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑨⑩	—	0.40	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount), D² Pak⑧	—	40	

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*Qualification standards can be found at www.infineon.com

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.07	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ ⑤
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	2.0	2.5	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 170\text{A}$ ⑤
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Trans conductance	280	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 170\text{A}$
R_G	Gate Resistance	—	2.0	—	Ω	
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 48V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

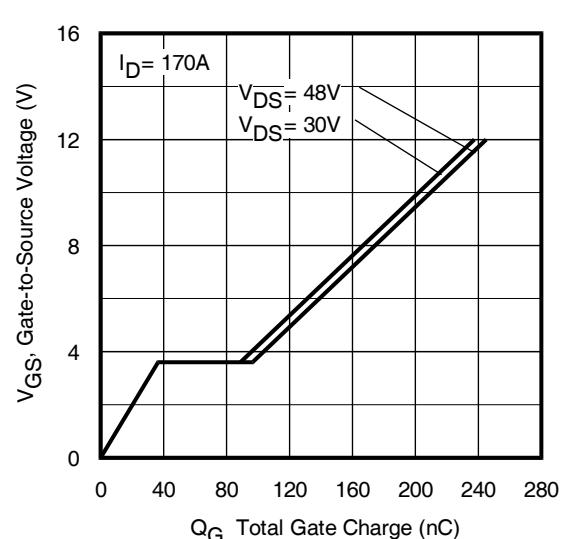
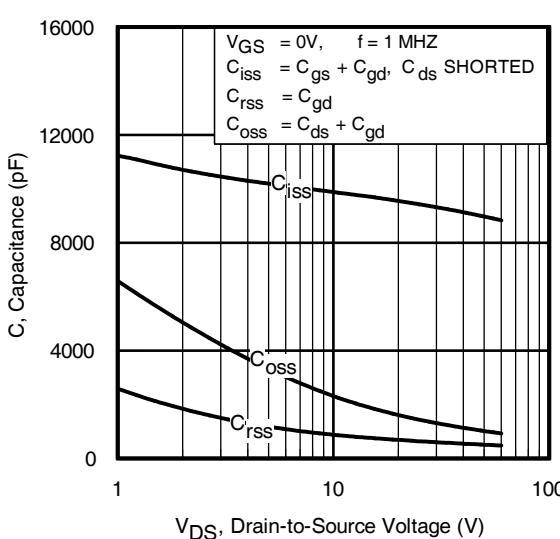
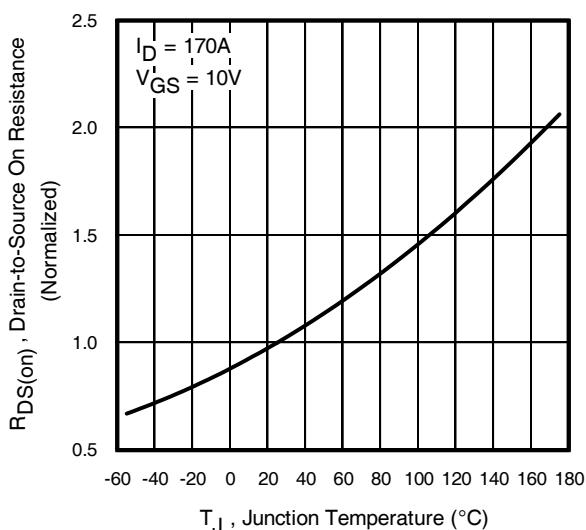
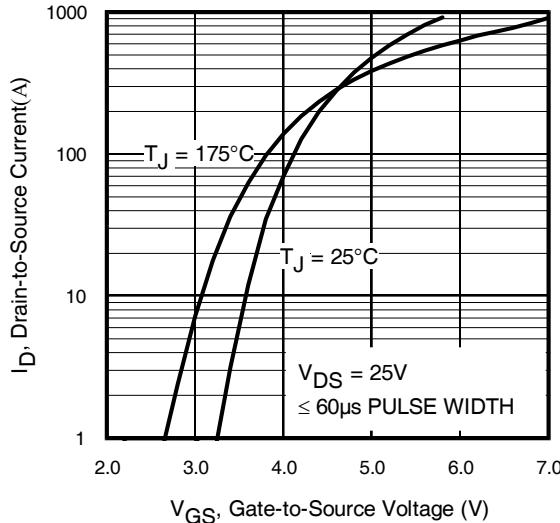
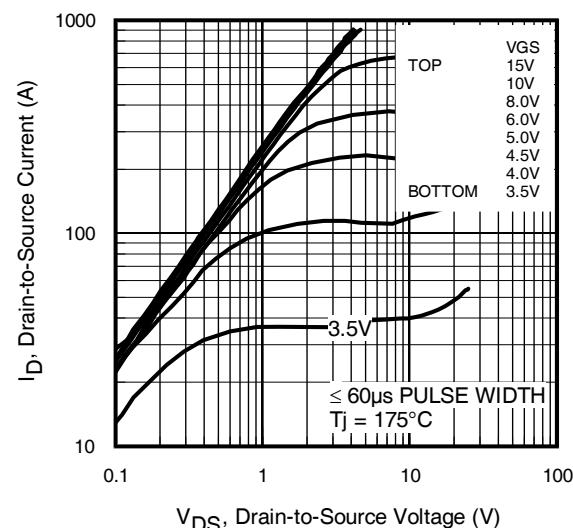
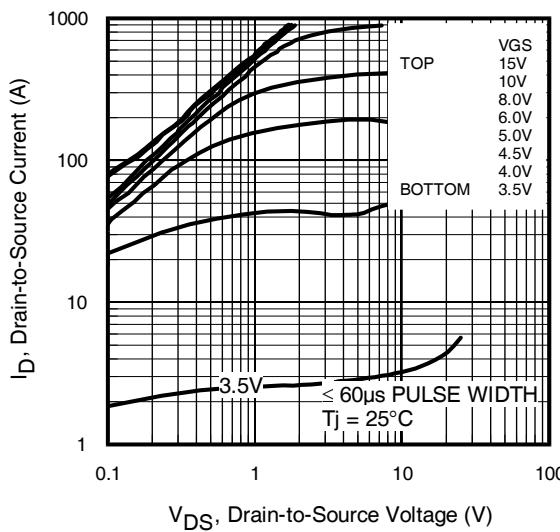
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	200	300	nC	$I_D = 170\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 30V$ $V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	37	—		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	60	—		
Q_{sync}	Total Gate Charge Sync. ($Q_g - Q_{gd}$)	—	140	—		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	16	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 39V$ $I_D = 170\text{A}$ $R_G = 2.7\Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤
t_r	Rise Time	—	182	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	118	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	189	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	8970	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 50V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1020	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	534	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	1480	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to $48V$ ⑦
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)	—	1920	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to $48V$ ⑥

Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_s	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	270 ①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{sM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②	—	—	1080		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_s = 170\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	44	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DD} = 51V$
		—	48	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 170\text{A}$,
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	63	—	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ⑤
		—	77	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	2.4	—	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_s + L_D$)				

Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 195A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements.
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by $T_{J\text{max}}$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.022\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 170\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10V$. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ④ $I_{SD} \leq 170\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 1360\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$.
- ⑤ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑥ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑦ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994
- ⑨ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .
- ⑩ $R_{\theta\text{JC}}$ value shown is at time zero



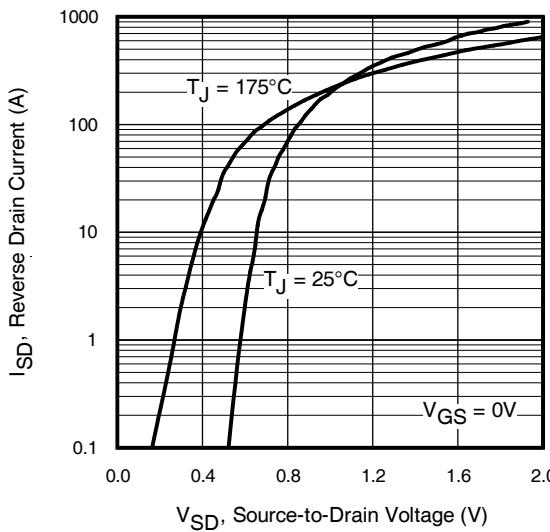


Fig. 7 Typical Source-to-Drain Diode

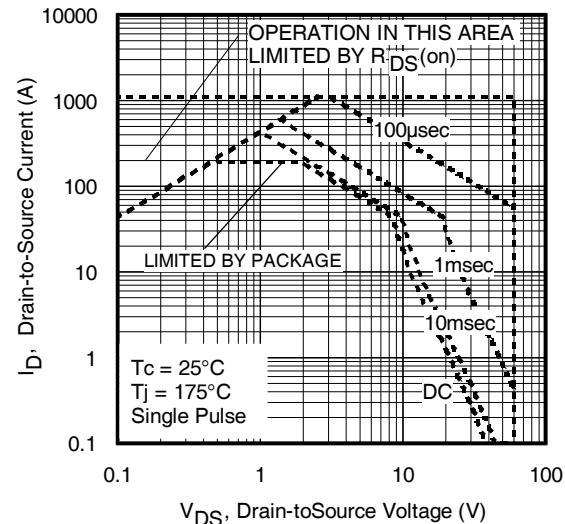


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

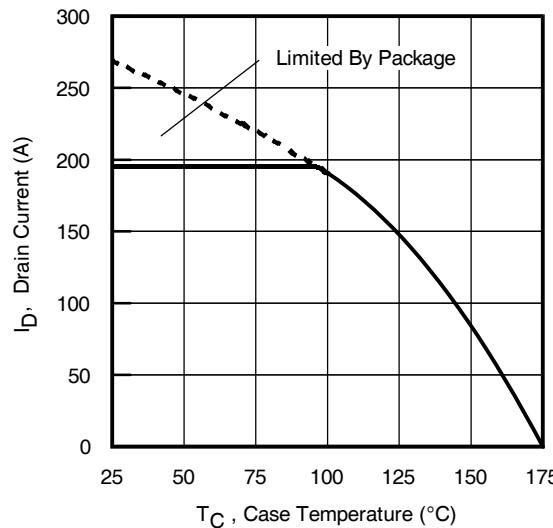


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

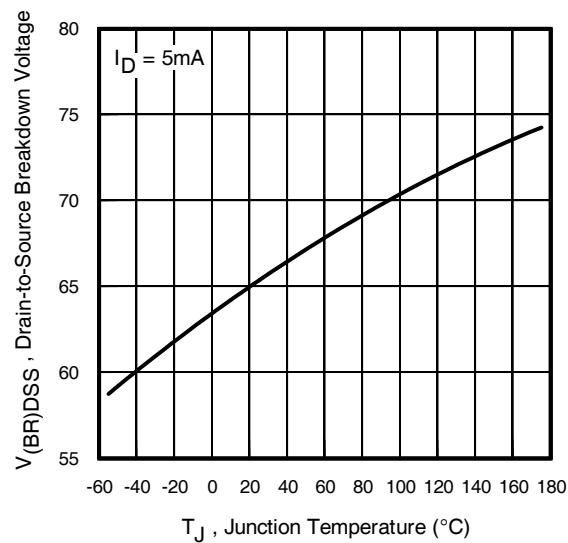


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

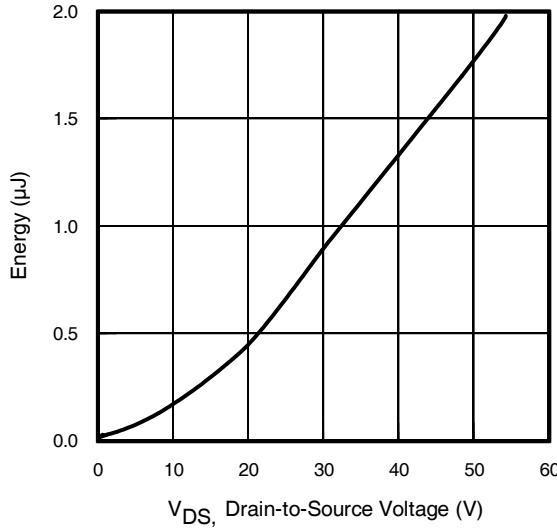


Fig 11. Typical Coss Stored Energy

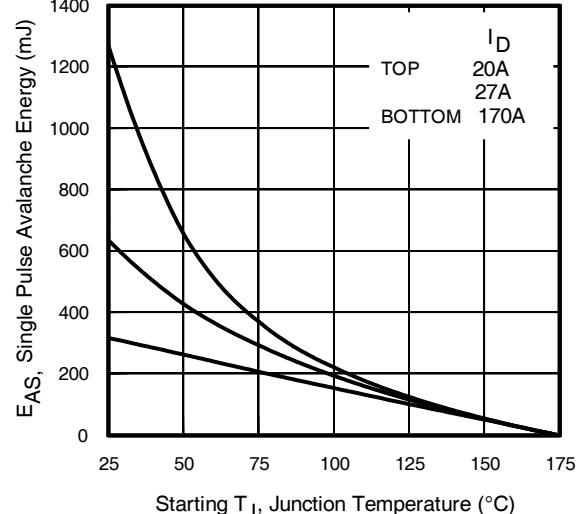


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

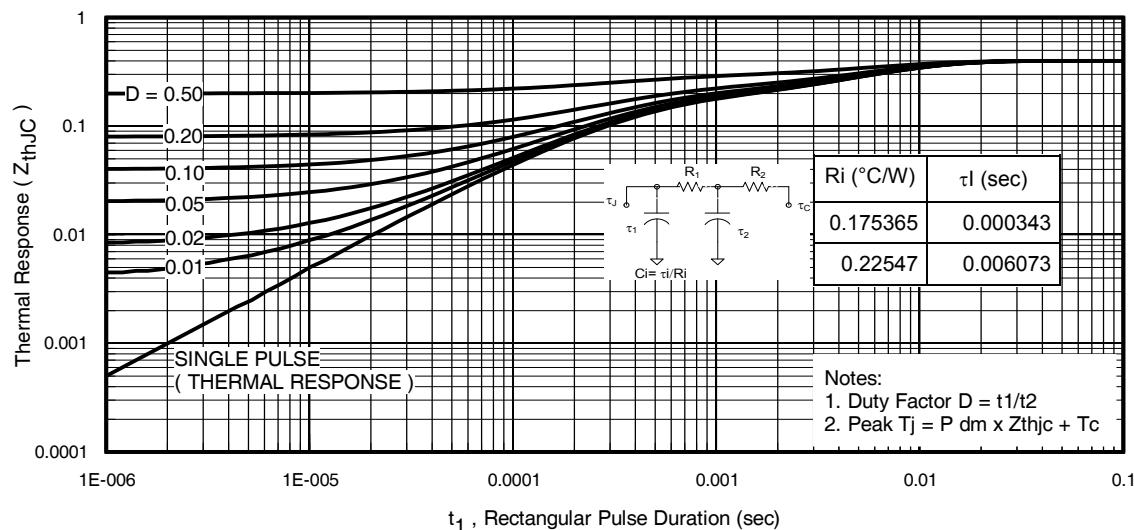


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

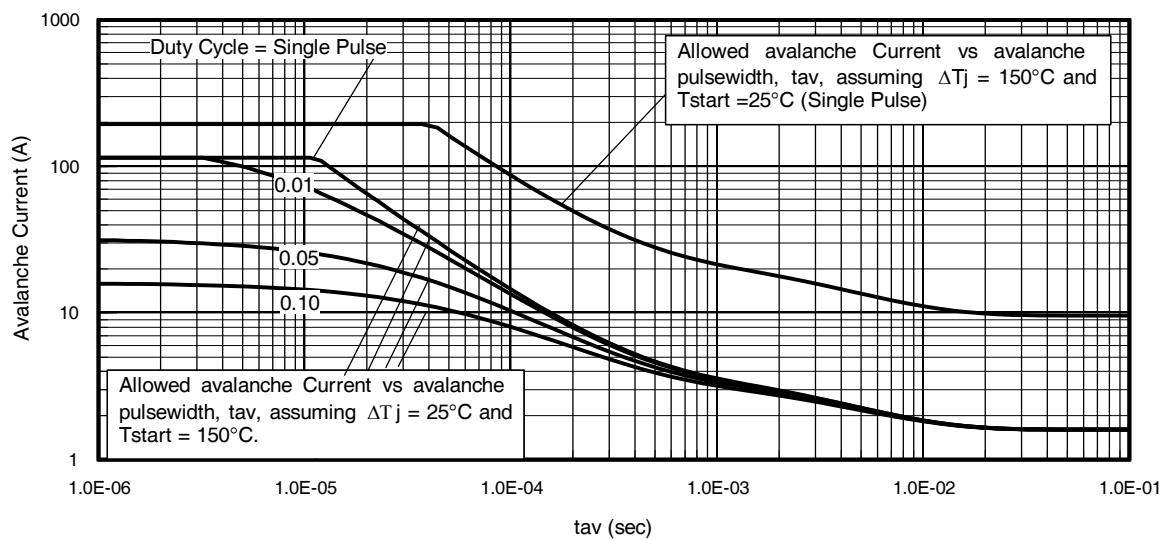
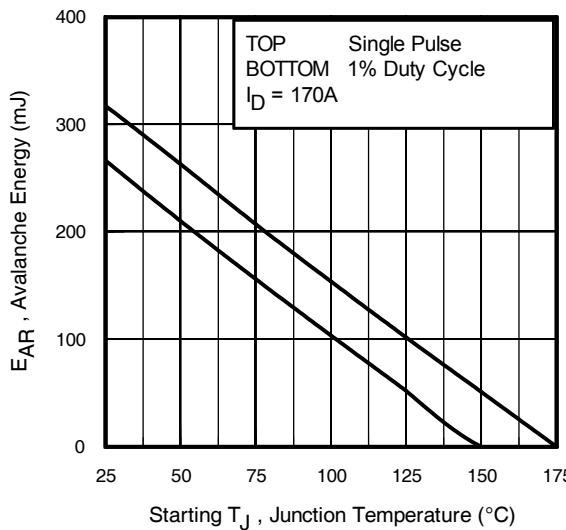


Fig 14. Avalanche Current vs. Pulse width



Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.infineon.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 18a, 18b.
 4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
 6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
 7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 13, 14).
- tav = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = tav/f
 $Z_{thJC}(D, tav)$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot tav$$

Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

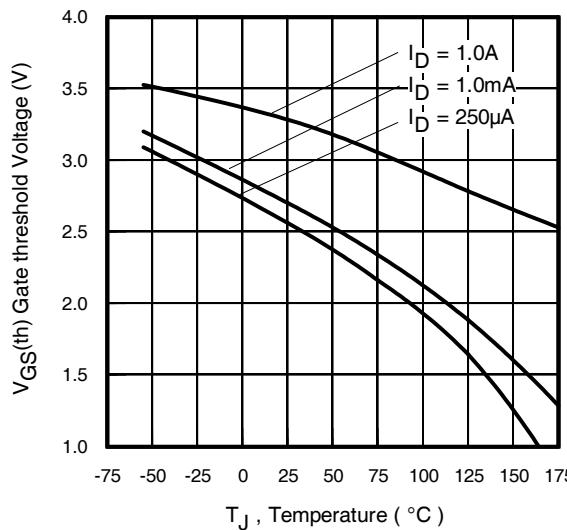


Fig. 16. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

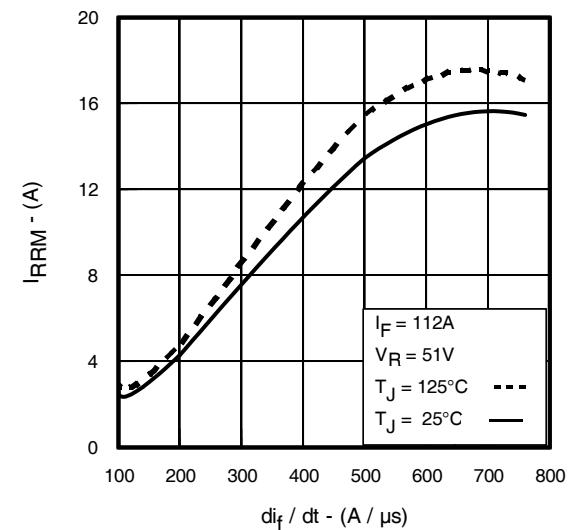


Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. dI_f/dt

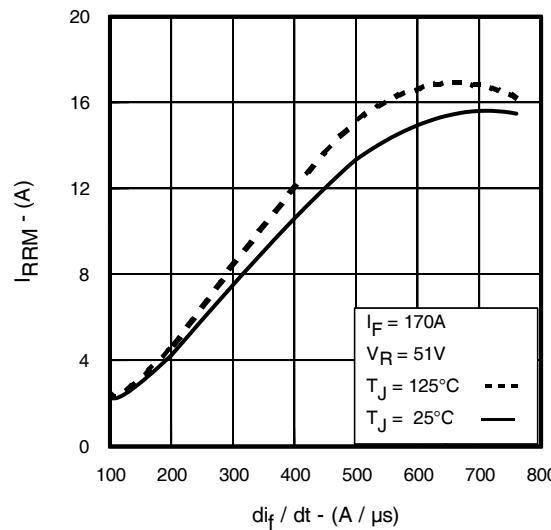


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. dI_f/dt

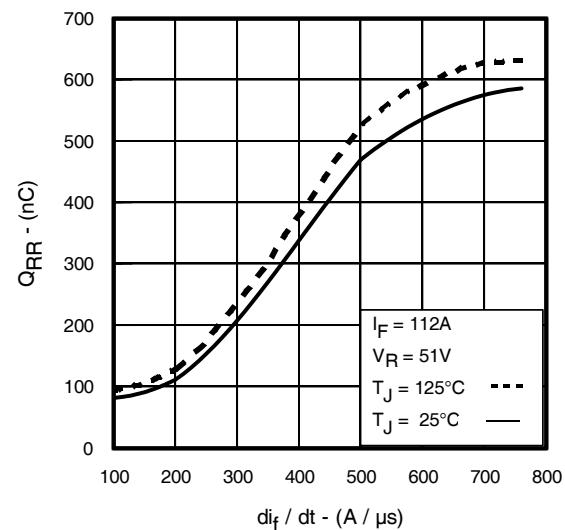


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. dI_f/dt

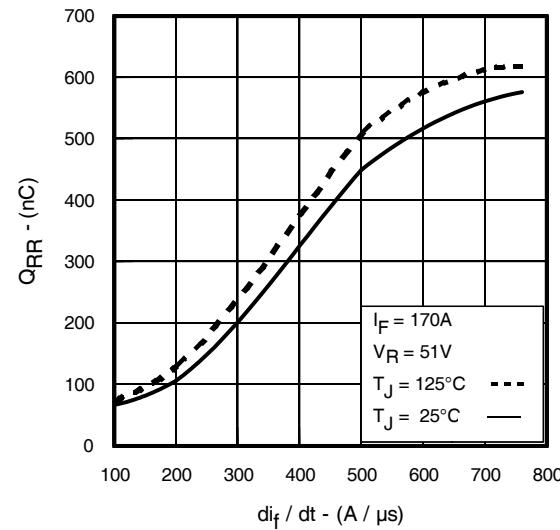


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. dI_f/dt

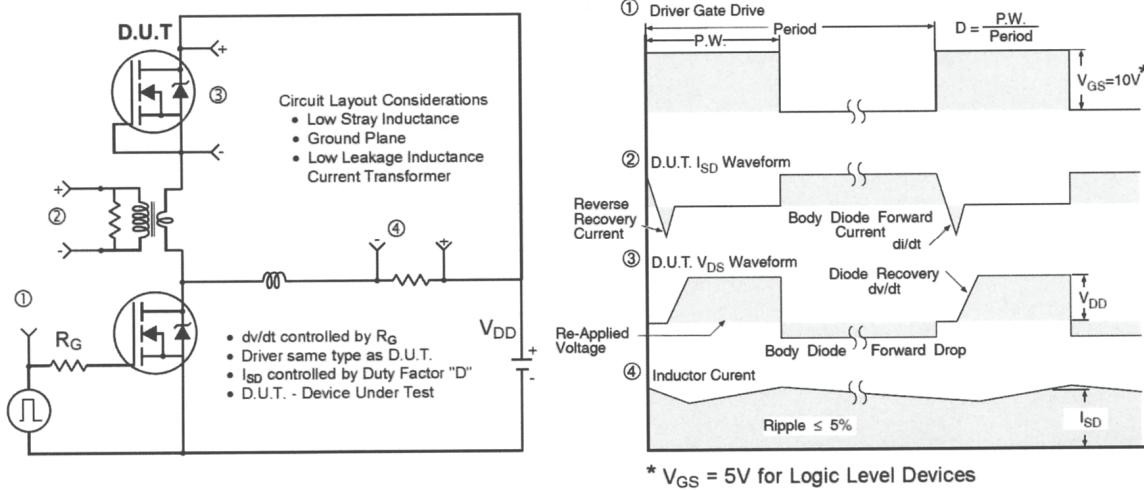


Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

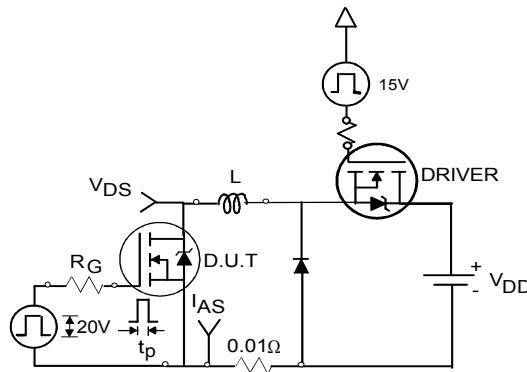


Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

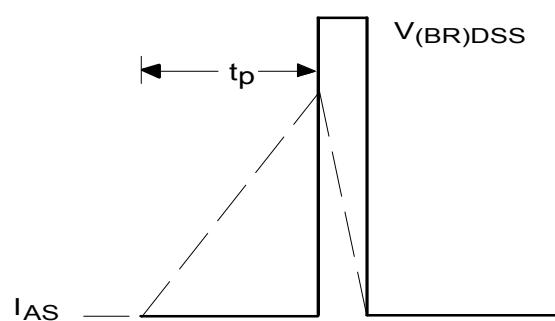


Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

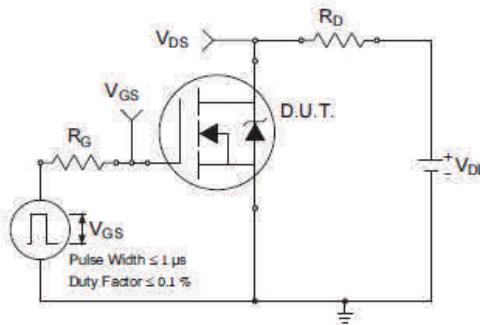


Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit

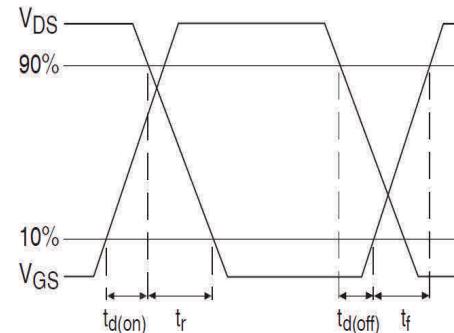


Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms

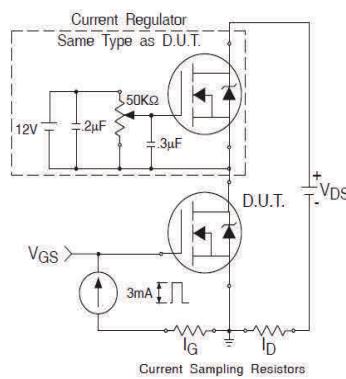


Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

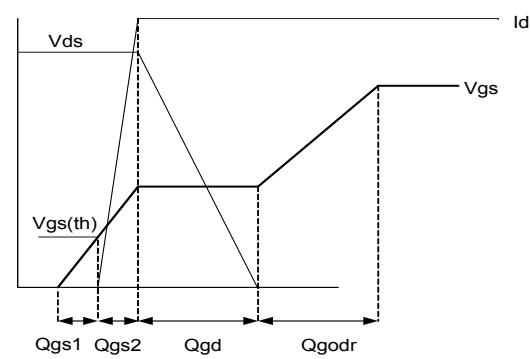
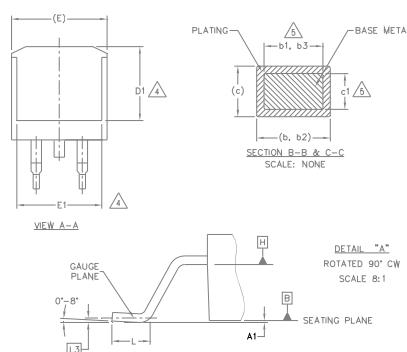
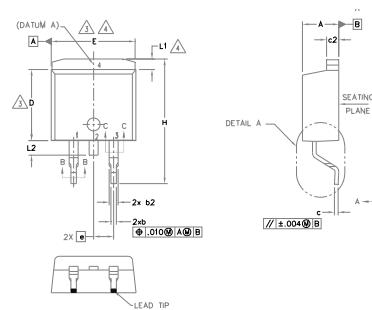


Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform

D²Pak (TO-263AB) Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190		
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010		
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039		
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	5	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070		
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029		
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5	
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065		
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3	
D1	6.86	—	.270	—	4	
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4	
E1	6.22	—	.245	—	4	
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC		
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625		
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110		
L1	—	1.68	—	.066	4	
L2	—	1.78	—	.070		
L3	0.25	BSC	.010	BSC		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

DIODES

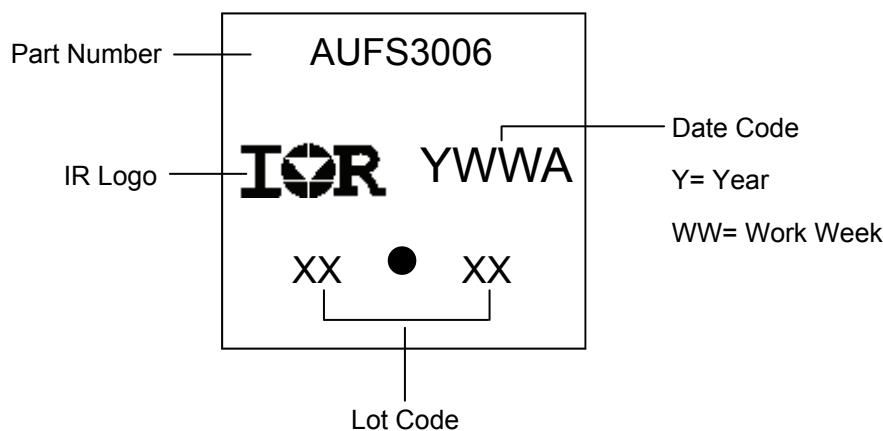
- 1.- ANODE (TWO DIE) / OPEN (ONE DIE)
- 2, 4.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

HEXFET

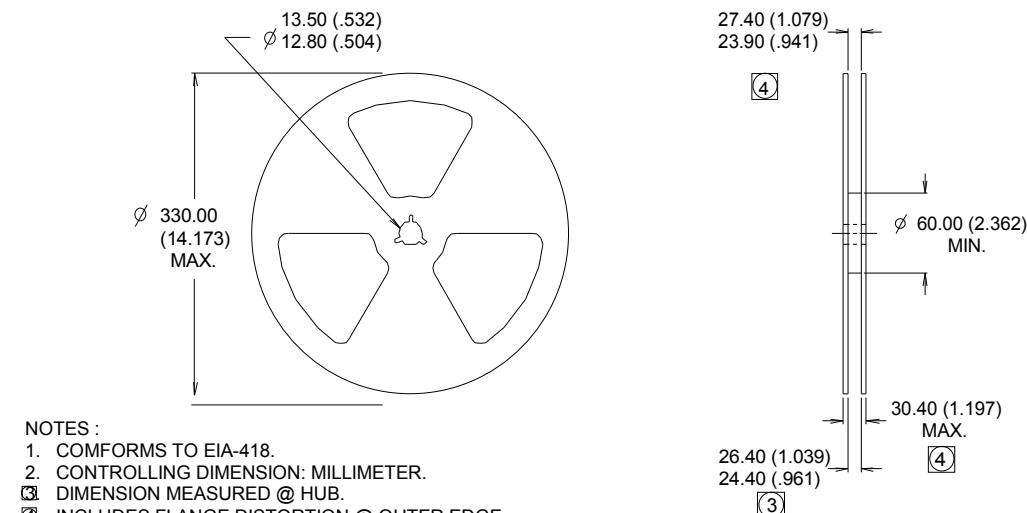
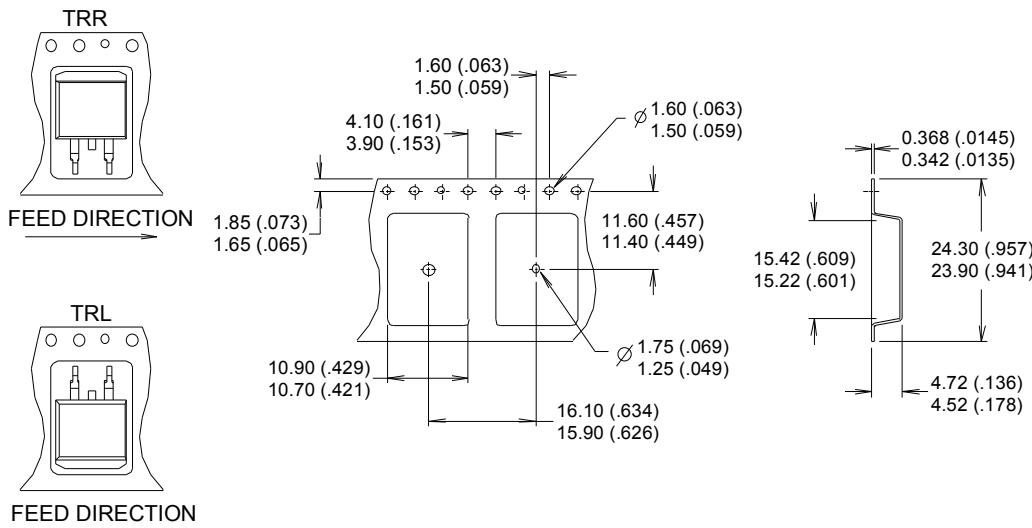
- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGRTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- Emitter

D²Pak (TO-263AB) Part Marking Information

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

D²Pak (TO-263AB) Tape & Reel Information (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Qualification Information

		Automotive (per AEC-Q101)	
Qualification Level		Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification. Infineon's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.	
Moisture Sensitivity Level		D ² -Pak	MSL1
ESD	Machine Model	Class M4 (+/- 800V) [†] AEC-Q101-002	
	Human Body Model	Class H3A (+/- 6000V) [†] AEC-Q101-001	
	Charged Device Model	Class C5 (+/- 2000V) [†] AEC-Q101-005	
RoHS Compliant		Yes	

† Highest passing voltage.

Revision History

Date	Comments
12/2/2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated datasheet with corporate template • Corrected ordering table on page 1.

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