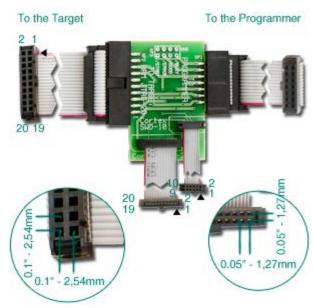
# AS-ISP-ARM-2



ChipProg-ISP BH14/BH20 and BH10 specialized adapter for in system programming of ARM microcontrollers .

Click the programmer model below to get an appropriate list of the devices supported by the adapter:

• ChipProg-ISP

### **Adapter Wiring Diagram:**

From Programmer Output Connector, BH- 14	To the Target Device, ARM BH-20, 0.1mil	To the Target Device, Cortex SWD-20, 0.05mil	To the Target Device, Cortex SWD-10, 0.05mil	Status and Control Signals from Programmer	Program Signals
1	1,2	1	1		VCC
2	9	4	4		TCK
3	5	8	8		TDI
4	7	2	2		TMS
5	13	6	6		TDO
6	3	16			TRST
7	-	-	-		-
8	-	9	9		GNDDetect
9	4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20	3,5,15,17,19	3,5		GND
10	15	10	10		RESET
11				/Start	
12				/Error	
13				/Good	
14				/Busy	

AS-ISP-ARM-2 connection for ARM/Cortex microcontrollers via JTAG AS-ISP-ARM-2 connection for ARM/Cortex microcontrollers via SWD

### AS-ISP-ARM-2 connection for ARM/Cortex microcontrollers via JTAG

Click the programmer model below to get an appropriate list of the devices supported by the adapter:

• ChipProg-ISP



#### Powering the target device:

There are two alternative options for powering the targets:

- 1. The target gets power from the programmer (Vdd). This is possible only if the target does not consume too much energy. A capacity of the target power circuitry should not exceed 50 uF.
- 2. The target gets power from a built-in or external power supply. In this case the power output from the programmer should not be connected with the target. The target system should be tolerant to applying logical signals with the voltage levels exceeding the voltages on the target.

NOTE! It is strictly prohibited to power the target from both the programmer and built-in or external power supply simultaneously.

### Isolating resistors:

Purpose of the R1..R6 resistors is to isolate the programmed chip from rest of target system. Recommended value of resistors R1..R6 is 2k or more. You can also use jumpers instead of the resistors.

#### **ISP** characteristics:

- 1. Programmer's output capability:
  - 1.1 Vcc 80 mA;
  - 1.2 Vpp 50 mA;
  - 1.3 logical pins 5 mA.
- 2. The cable length should be less then one foot.

#### Table of connections of the adapter output socket to the device pins:

Adapter Output connector, ARM BH-20, 0.1mil	Adapter Output connector, Cortex SWD-20, 0.05mil	Adapter Output connector, Cortex SWD-10, 0.05mil	Target Device
1	1	1	VCC
2	3		VCC
3	16		TRST
4	5	3	GND
5	8	8	TDI
6		5	GND
7	2	2	TMS
8	15		GND
9	4	4	TCK
10	17		GND
11			-
12			GND
13	6	6	TDO
14			GND

15	10	10	RESET
16			GND
17			-
18			GND
19			-
20			GND

#### AS-ISP-ARM-2 connection for ARM/Cortex microcontrollers via SWD

Click the programmer model below to get an appropriate list of the devices supported by the adapter:

• ChipProg-ISP



#### Powering the target device:

There are two alternative options for powering the targets:

- 1. The target gets power from the programmer (Vdd). This is possible only if the target does not consume too much energy. A capacity of the target power circuitry should not exceed 50 uF.
- 2. The target gets power from a built-in or external power supply. In this case the power output from the programmer should not be connected with the target. The target system should be tolerant to applying logical signals with the voltage levels exceeding the voltages on the target.

NOTE! It is strictly prohibited to power the target from both the programmer and built-in or external power supply simultaneously.

#### **Isolating resistors:**

Purpose of the R1..R6 resistors is to isolate the programmed chip from rest of target system. Recommended value of resistors R1..R6 is 2k or more. You can also use jumpers instead of the resistors.

### **ISP** characteristics:

- 1. Programmer's output capability:
  - 1.1 Vcc 80 mA;
  - 1.2 Vpp 50 mA;
  - 1.3 logical pins 5 mA.
- 2. The cable length should be less then one foot.

### Table of connections of the adapter output socket to the device pins:

Adapter Output connector, ARM BH-20, 0.1mil	Adapter Output connector, Cortex SWD-20, 0.05mil	Adapter Output connector, Cortex SWD-10, 0.05mil	Target Device
1	1	1	VCC
2	3		VCC
3	-		-
4	5	3	GND
5	-	-	-
6		5	GND
7	2	2	SWDIO
8	15		GND
9	4	4	SWCLK

10	17		GND
11			-
12			GND
13	-	-	-
14			GND
15	10	10	RESET
16			GND
17			-
18			GND
19			-
20			GND

#### AS-ISP-ARM-2 connection for Freescale Kinetis microcontrollers via SPI

Click the programmer model below to get an appropriate list of the devices supported by the adapter:

• ChipProq-ISP



#### Powering the target device:

There are two alternative options for powering the targets:

- 1. The target gets power from the programmer (Vdd). This is possible only if the target does not consume too much energy. A capacity of the target power circuitry should not exceed 50 uF.
- 2. The target gets power from a built-in or external power supply. In this case the power output from the programmer should not be connected with the target. The target system should be tolerant to applying logical signals with the voltage levels exceeding the voltages on the target.

NOTE! It is strictly prohibited to power the target from both the programmer and built-in or external power supply simultaneously.

## **Isolating resistors:**

Purpose of the R1..R6 resistors is to isolate the programmed chip from rest of target system.

Recommended value of resistors R1..R6 is 2k or more. You can also use jumpers instead of the resistors.

#### **ISP** characteristics:

- 1. Programmer's output capability:
  - 1.1 Vcc 80 mA;
  - 1.2 Vpp 50 mA;
  - 1.3 logical pins 5 mA.
- 2. The cable length should be less then one foot.

## Table of connections of the adapter output socket to the device pins:

Adapter Output connector, Cortex SWD- 10, 0.05mil	Adapter Output connector, Cortex SWD- 20, 0.05mil	Target Device
1	1	VCC
2	2	-
3	3	GND
4	4	EZP_CLK

5	5,15,17,19	GND
6	6	EZP_DO
7	7	KEY
8	8	EZP_DI
9	9	EZP_CS
10	10	RESET