



RoHS

Specification

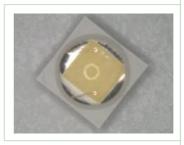
SAWW9H0A





SAWW9H0A

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Features

- Super high flux output and high luminance
- Designed for high current operation
- SMT solderable
- Lead free product
- RoHS compliant

Description

The Acrich series of LEDs are designed for AC operation and high flux output applications.

Acrich LEDs are an environmentally friendly semiconductor lighting source that can be directly connected to an AC power source without any DC conversion required.

Acrich's thermal management performance exceeds other power LED solutions by incorporating state-of-the-art SMD design and use of specialized thermal emission material. Acrich is an ideal light source for general purpose illumination applications

Applications

- LED bulb
- Spot light
- Architectural lighting
- Street light

* The appearance and specifications of the product can be changed for improvement without notice.

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www.seoulsemicon.com

서식번호: SSC-QP-7-07-25 (Rev.00)





Full code of SAWW9H0A

1. Part Number Form : $X_1X_2X_3X_4X_5X_6X_7X_8 - X_9X_{10}X_{11}$

X ₁	Company	S	SSC	
X ₂	Package series	Α	Acrich	
X ₃	Color	w	Warm White	
X ₄	Coloi	w	waiiii wiiite	
X ₅	Series number	9	MJT4040	
X_6	Voltage	Н		
X ₇	PCB type	0	Emitter	
X ₈	Revision No.	A	Rev0	
X ₉	Luminous flux		-	
X ₁₀	Color bin	-	-	
X ₁₁	Voltage	· -	-	

LF		Color bin	Voltage	
U3	109.0 ~ 118.5		Α	60~63
V1	118.5 ~ 136.0	G0~G5 H0~H5	В	63~66
V2	136.0 ~ 154.0		С	66~68

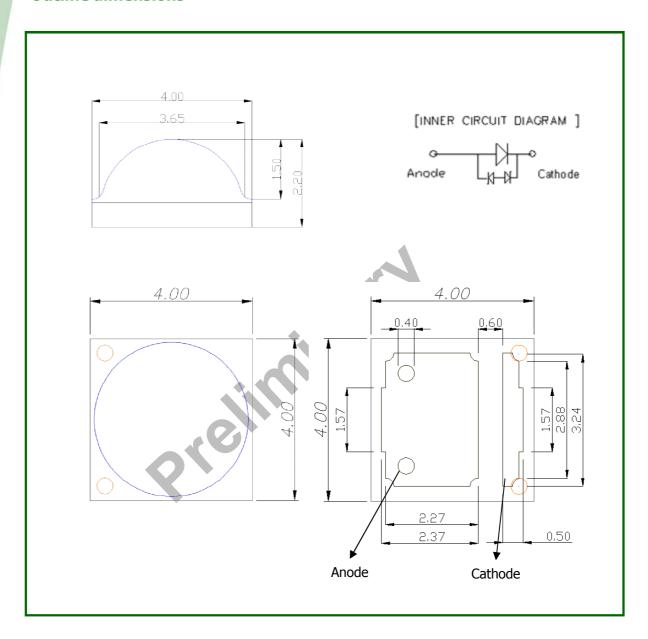
2. Sticker Diagram on Reel & Aluminum Vinyl Bag

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Outline dimensions



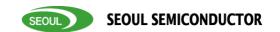
Notes:

- [1] All dimensions are in millimeters. (tolerance is ± 0.20 mm)
- [2] Scale: none
- [3] The appearance and specifications of the product may be changed for improvement without notice
- [4] Electrical ly neutral thermal path

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Characteristics of SAWW9H0A

1. Cool white

1-1 Electro-Optical characteristics at IF= 20mA, Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value			11mit
Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Luminous Flux [1]	Φ _V ^[2]	-	128	-	lm
Correlated Color Temperature [3]	ССТ	2,600	-	3,200	K
CRI	R _a	80	-	-	-
Forward Voltage	V _F	60	64	68	V
Thermal resistance	Rth	6		°C/W	
View Angle	20 1/2	125		deg.	

1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward Current	I_{F}	30	mA
Power Dissipation	P_{D}	1.95	W
Junction Temperature	T _j	125	°C
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-30 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +110	°C
ESD Sensitivity	-	-	- -

* Notes

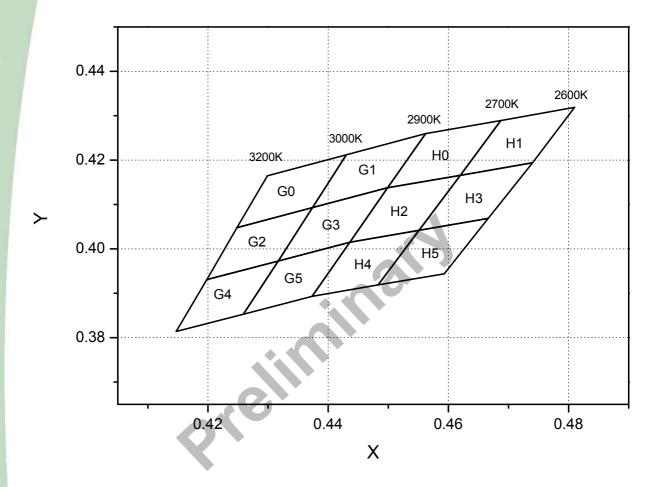
- [1] Acrich series maintains a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ on flux and power measurements.
- [2] Φ_V is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- [3] Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram. CCT $\pm 5\%$ tester tolerance

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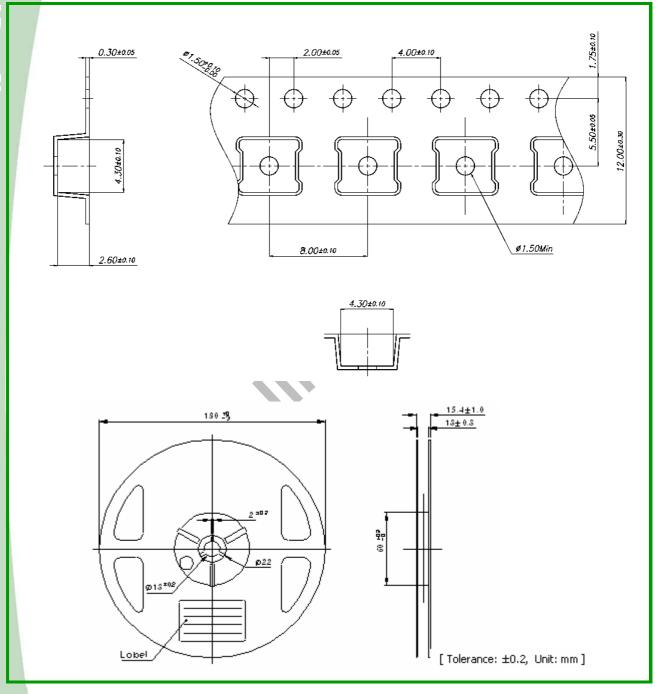
Binning structure graphical representation







Emitter Carrier & Reel Packaging



Notes

- [1] Cumulative Tolerance : Cumulative Tolerance/10 pitches to be ± 0.2 mm
- [2] Adhesion Strength of Cover Tape : Adhesion strength to be 0.1-0.7N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at the angle of 10° to the carrier tape
- [3] Package: P/N, Manufacturing data Code No. and quantity to be indicated on a damp proof Package

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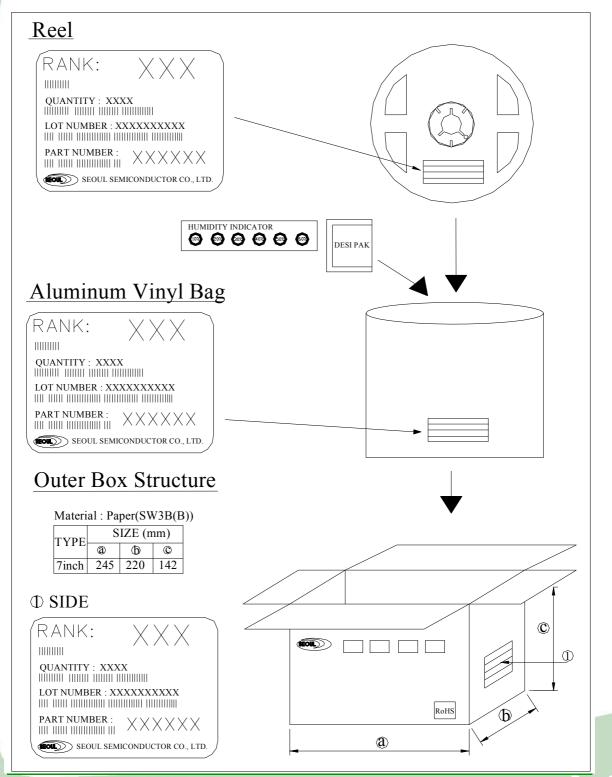
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Packing



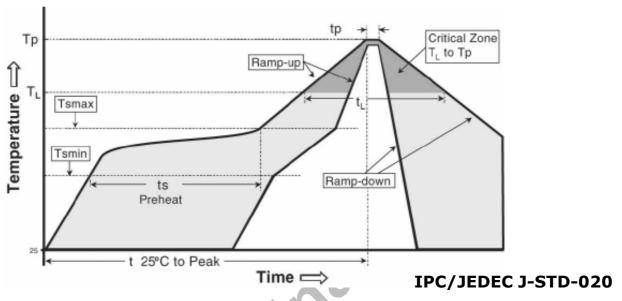
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Soldering



Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3° C/second max.	3° C/second max.
Preheat - Temperature Min (Tsmin) - Temperature Max (Tsmax) - Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts)	100 °C 150 °C 60-120 seconds	150 °C 200 °C 60-180 seconds
Time maintained above: - Temperature (TL) - Time (tL)	183 °C 60-150 seconds	217 °C 60-150 seconds
Peak Temperature (Tp)	215℃	260℃
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature (tp)2	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6 °C/second max.	6 °C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.

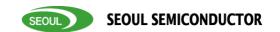
* Caution

- 1. Reflow soldering is recommended not to be done more than two times. In the case of more than 24 hours passed soldering after first, LEDs will be damaged.
- 2. Repairs should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repair is unavoidable, suitable tools must be used.
- 3. Die slug is to be soldered.
- 4. When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 5. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

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Precaution for use

(1) Storage

To avoid the moisture penetration, we recommend storing Acrich LEDs in a dry box with a desiccant . The recommended storage temperature range is 5C to 30C and a maximum humidity of RH50%.

(2) Use Precaution after Opening the Packaging
Use proper SMD techniques when the LED is to be soldered dipped as separation of the lens
may affect the light output efficiency.

Pay attention to the following:

- a. Recommend conditions after opening the package
 - Sealing
 - Temperature : $5 \sim 40^{\circ}$ Humidity : less than RH30%
- b. If the package has been opened more than 4 week(MSL_2A) or the color of the desiccant changes, components should be dried for 10-12hr at $60\pm5^{\circ}$ C
- (3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering.
- (4) Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.
- (5) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB.
- (6) Radioactive exposure is not considered for the products listed here in.
- (7) Gallium arsenide is used in some of the products listed in this publication. These products are dangerous if they are burned or shredded in the process of disposal. It is also dangerous to drink the liquid or inhale the gas generated by such products when chemically disposed of.
- (8) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent and etc. When washing is required, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) should be used.
- (9) When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature.
- (10) LEDs must be stored properly to maintain the device. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more after being shipped from SSC, a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere should be used for storage.
- (11) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.
- (12) Long time exposure of sunlight or occasional UV exposure will cause lens discoloration.
- (13) The slug is isolated from anode electrically.

Therefore, we recommend that you don't isolate the heat sink.

- (14) Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor.
- (15) The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF.

If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage.

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- (16) Please note Acrich runs on high voltage so use caution when near the leads or if a dome is inadvertently removed while circuit is active.
- (17) Please do not touch any of the circuit board, components or terminals with bare hands or metal while circuit is electrically active.
- (18) Please do not add or change wires while Acrich circuit is active.



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Handling of Silicone Resin LEDs

(1) During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound.



(2) In general, LEDs should only be handled from the side. By the way, this also applies to LEDs without a silicone sealant, since the surface can also become scratched.



(3) When populating boards in SMT production, there are basically no restrictions regarding the form of the pick and place nozzle, except that mechanical pressure on the surface of the resin must be prevented.

This is assured by choosing a pick and place nozzle which is larger than the LED's reflector area.

(4) Silicone differs from materials conventionally used for the manufacturing of LEDs. These conditions must be considered during the handling of such devices. Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust.

As mentioned previously, the increased sensitivity to dust requires special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components.

- (5) SSC suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.
- (6) Please do not mold this product into another resin (epoxy, urethane, etc) and do not handle this product with acid or sulfur material in sealed space.

(7) Avoid leaving fingerprints on silicone resin parts.

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Handling of Silicone Resin LEDs

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